Part C to Part B Services

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Research Question

What percentage of families that received birth to three services end up having their child receive special education services in preschool?





Key Words

- IDEA: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
- FAPE: Free Appropriate Public Education
- LRE: Least Restrictive Environment
- ADA: Americans with Disability Act



Research Goal

- To see the number of families that have received Part C services over the year and from that number to see how many children become eligible of Part B services
- To show the impact of the services



IDEA

Divided into four parts

- Part A
 - Defines rules and regulations
- Part B
 - Provide FAPE in the LRE to individuals with disability ages 3 to 21
- Part C
 - Provide early intervention services from birth to the day before a child's third birthday
- Part D
 - Provides the information for the grants which supports "state personnel development, technical assistance and dissemination, technology, and parent-training and information centers" U.S Department of Education





Eligibility for Connecticut Part C

- Shows a significant developmental delay in one of the areas with a standard deviation of 2 below the mean
- Shows a significant developmental delay in two or more of the areas with a standard deviation of 1.5 below the mean
- Having an established medical condition that has a high chance of leading to a developmental delay

Areas

- Cognitive skills
- Communication skills
- Personal-social skills
- Motor skills
- Adaptive skills





Eligibility for Connecticut Part B

- Have a disability listed under the ADA
- Eligibility for services is determined through evaluation





Developmental Outcomes in Preschool Special Education Program Study

- Administered Battelle assessment first when they started program and again when they exited the program
- Assessment used to measure outcomes of children in program
- 38.2% showed age-expected functioning across all of the measurable domains when exiting the program
- Children who participated in program positive outcomes showing the efficacy of the interventions used in the program

Elbaum, (2020)





Data Collection

- Reached out and emailed Nicole Cossette Part C Coordinator for Connecticut
- Reached out and emailed Renee Kleinman CT Early Childhood Consultant
- Looked at data for the year 2022-2023
- Calculated percentages by category



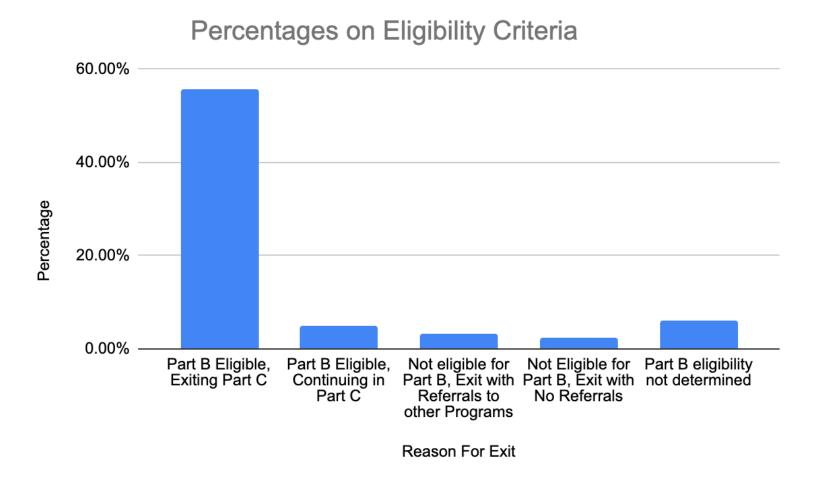
Results

- Total Children who received Part C during the year 2022-2023: 4474
- Part B Eligible, Exiting Part C: 55.72%
- Part B Eligible, Continuing in Part C: 5.05%
- Not eligible for Part B, Exit with Referrals to other Programs: 3.31%
- Not Eligible for Part B, Exit with No Referrals: 2.39%
- Part B eligibility not determined: 5.99%





Results







Limitations

- Percentage for data was rounded
- Could not obtain data on total number of children who qualified for Part B services for preschool
- Part B Eligibility not determined unknown why



Implications

The children who exited Part C services and start preschool can be a part of the facilitation of the strategies used in the classroom for the children who need Part B services.





Future Directions

Results from this research can lead to implementing additional services being provided into the classroom for all students in the preschool to benefit.





Conclusion

All the children in the classroom can still benefit from the services being provided even if the strategies may not be directed to them.



