Middle schools Mission statements across Connecticut

By: Julianna Russo





Research Question

How do middle school mission statements reflect commitments to disability, cultural awareness, and cultural inclusion?





Mission Statements

- A mission grounds the school in its core responsibility: educating and supporting students in their academic and personal growth.
- It creates a shared understanding of the school's goals, helping everyone work toward a common vision for student success.
- A strong mission shapes what is taught, how it's taught, and the values that define the school environment (SHRM, 2024).





Methodology

1. Reviewing all 206 middle schools' official websites, looking for specific

terminology in their mission statement

- 2. Identify and categorize keywords related to disability, cultural awareness, and cultural inclusion
- 3. Analyze the frequency and context of these keywords in the mission statements
- 4. Summarize patterns, identify gaps, and suggest improvements





Overall Findings of my Research







Themes in CT Mission Statements

- Emphasis on rigorous educational experiences.
- Cultivation of critical thinking, creativity, and problem-solving skills.
- Strong partnership between school, families, and the broader community.
- Collective responsibility for student growth.
- Safe, respectful, and inclusive learning environments.
- Commitment to diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI).





Examples of Effective Mission Statements

• Newtown, CT

• Groton, CT





Examples of Ineffective Mission Statements

• Illing Middle School

Sherman Middle school





Limitation

- District wide vs. middle school
- Mission statements may not always reflect actual

daily practices

 Limited publicly available data on how missions are operationalized





Implication

- Implementing DEI practices in K-12 education has been associated with improved academic performance, better social and emotional skills, and increased student engagement(Hurix Digital, 2024.)
- Embedding DEI into daily practices prepares students to succeed in a diverse, global society(IES Staff, 2020).
- Strengthening the alignment between mission and practice can drive

long-term educational equity and student success (Lau, 2022)





Cultural and Disability Awareness are Interconnected

• Effective mission statements acknowledge

intersectionality—recognizing that students with

disabilities also navigate cultural, linguistic, and

socioeconomic identities (Harry & Klingner, 2014).





Disability-Inclusive Language is Rare but Vital

• Many middle school mission statements lack

explicit references to disability, suggesting a gap in

inclusive vision-setting

• Inclusion should be reflected in the language to

affirm the value of all learners.





Inclusive Mission Statements Promote Belonging

• When mission statements include disability-specific

terms and values (e.g., "accessibility," "universal

design," or "all abilities"), they contribute to a

sense of belonging and set a tone for inclusive

practices (Kurth & Morningstar, 2012).





Conclusion

- Mission statements are powerful tools that reflect a school's priorities when they explicitly include disability and cultural inclusion, they foster a more equitable and welcoming school environment for all students.
- Intentional language matters, schools must move beyond generic statements and adopt inclusive, specific missions that guide practice, promote access, and reflect the diversity of their student populations.





References

- Artiles, A. J., Harris-Murri, N., & Rostenberg, D. (2006). *Inclusion as social justice: Critical notes on discourses, assumptions, and the road ahead*. Theory Into Practice, 45(3), 260–268. https://doi.org/10.1207/s15430421tip4503_8
- CAST. (2018). Universal Design for Learning Guidelines version 2.2. http://udlguidelines.cast.org
- Deal, T. E., & Peterson, K. D. (2016). Shaping school culture (3rd ed.). Jossey-Bass.
- IES Staff. (2020, July 6). Equity: Alignment of mission and methods. Institute of Education Sciences. <u>https://ies.ed.gov/learn/blog/equity-alignment-mission-and-methods</u>
- Fullan, M. (2014). The principal: Three keys to maximizing impact. Jossey-Bass.
- Harry, B., & Klingner, J. (2014). Why are so many minority students in special education? Understanding race & disability in schools. Teachers College Press.
- Hurix Digital. (n.d.). Impact of diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) in K12 education. Hurix. <u>https://www.hurix.com/blogs/impact-of-diversity-equity-and-inclusion-dei-in-k-12-education/</u>





References

- Hehir, T., Schifter, L., Grindal, T., Ng, M., & Eidelman, H. (2016). A summary of the evidence on inclusive education. Abt Associates.
- Kurth, J. A., & Morningstar, M. E. (2012). Peer-mediated instruction and intervention and students with moderate and severe disabilities: A review of the literature. Research and Practice for Persons with Severe Disabilities, 37(3), 178– 191. https://doi.org/10.2511/027494812804153561
- Leithwood, K., Louis, K. S., Anderson, S., & Wahlstrom, K. (2004). *How leadership influences student learning*. The Wallace Foundation.
- Lau, Y. (2022). Does racial diversity in college courses improve academic outcomes? Labour Economics, 78, 102213. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.labeco.2022.102213</u>
- Senge, P. M., Cambron-McCabe, N., Lucas, T., Smith, B., Dutton, J., & Kleiner, A. (2012). Schools that learn: A fifth discipline fieldbook for educators, parents, and everyone who cares about education (Revised ed.). Crown Business.
- Society for Human Resource Management. (2024). What is the difference between mission, vision and values statements? SHRM. https://www.shrm.org/topics-tools/tools/hr-answers/difference-mission-vision-values-statements



